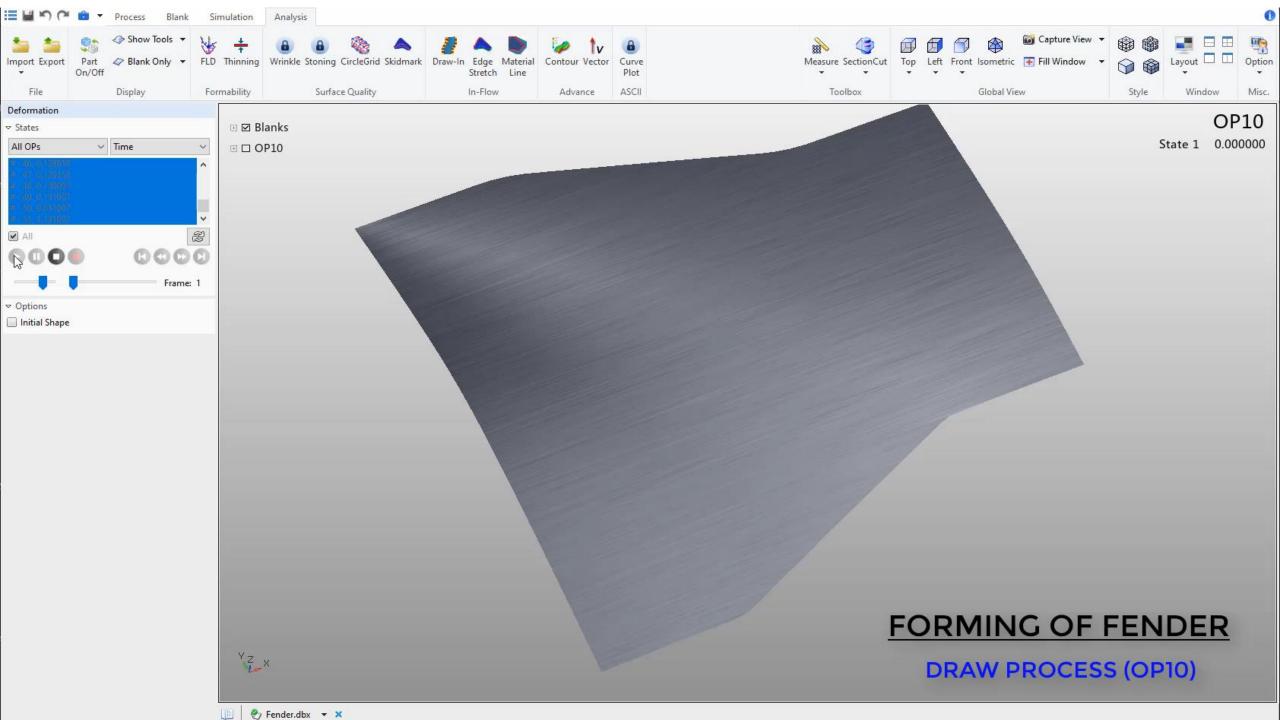
Release 2022 R1 Highlights
Ansys Forming



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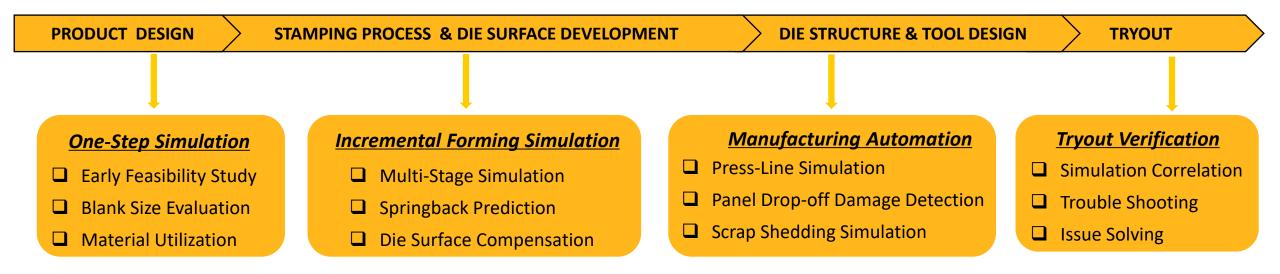
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- Objectives
- 2022 R1 Release
 - Fully Integrated Platform
 - Process-based Workflow
 - Intuitive Graphical User Interface
 - Dedicated Forming Post-Processing
 - Accuracy and Efficiency
- Future Roadmap





Background

Simulation in stamping process:



- LS-DYNA has been used in stamping simulation since early has 1990s
- LS-DYNA is the technology leader and has built a strong reputation in accuracy, especially in springback prediction.
 - > ~20 patents in stamping simulations
 - Many ideas were initiated in LS-DYNA, such as smooth contact, modified Yoshida Model, springback compensation, formability index...



Objectives

Ansys Forming simulates metal stamping tasks through an end-to-end workflow that allows you to perform the entire die process in a single platform, easy to use GUI, with

the fastest solve time.

Ansys Forming

Objectives

Intuitive GUI - easy to perform stamping simulation analysis

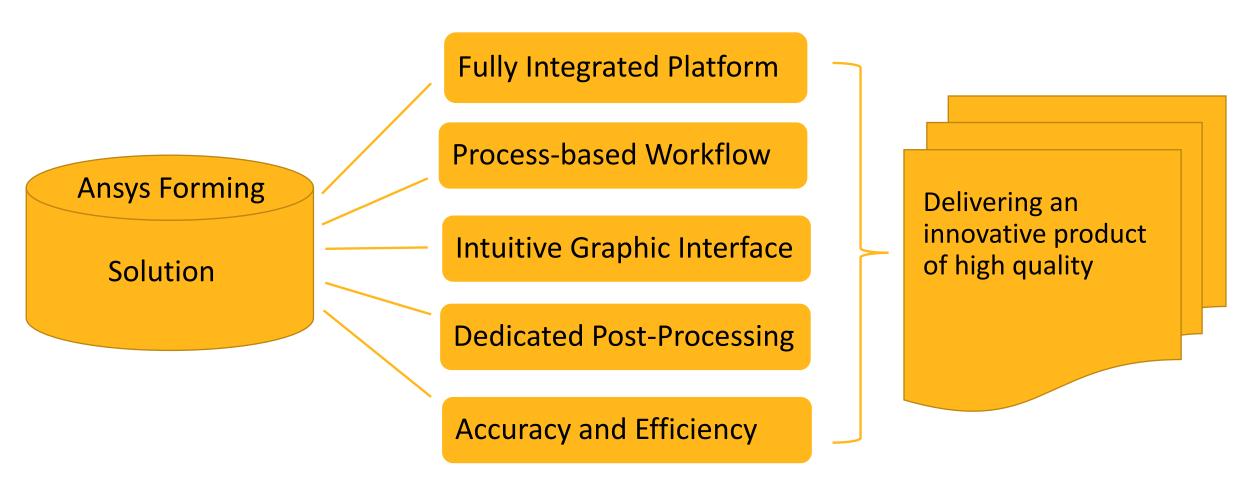
Easy set up for complicated forming process

Accurate and consistent results



Ansys Forming Solution

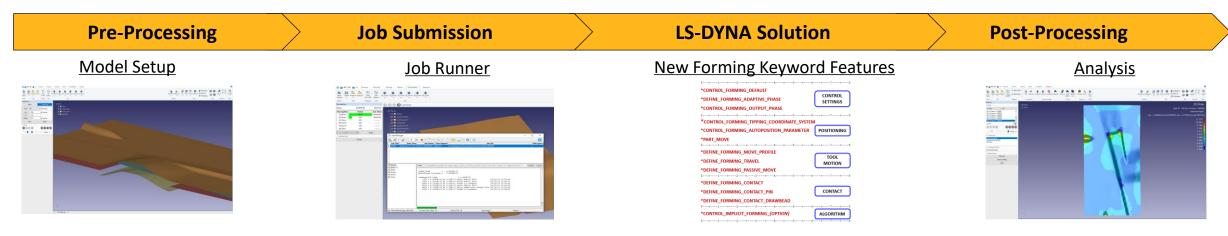
Ansys Forming will provide solution for modeling and simulating entire forming process.





Fully Integrated Platform

- In 2022 R1 release, Ansys Forming provides a unique platform which has a seamless fully integrated GUI with pre-post processing and uses LS-DYNA as a solver.
- Benefits of Ansys Forming:
 - Easy to setup multi-stage forming simulations
 - Customizable template-based method allows user to easily define different forming processes
 - A job-submitter allows user to run the job easily
 - User can seamlessly evaluate simulation results when the job is running

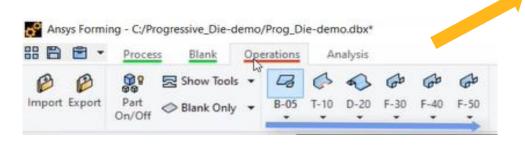


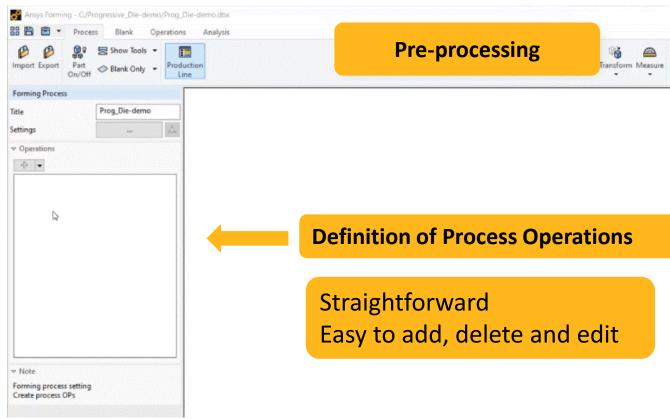
Process-based Workflow

During process design/verification, engineers must perform the simulations of drawing and secondary operations, such as trimming, flanging and restriking, as well as springback.

Process-based workflow is the key to analyze and optimize all the operations of a stamping process.

Straightforward Operation Definition Easy to use: ADD, DELETE & EDIT





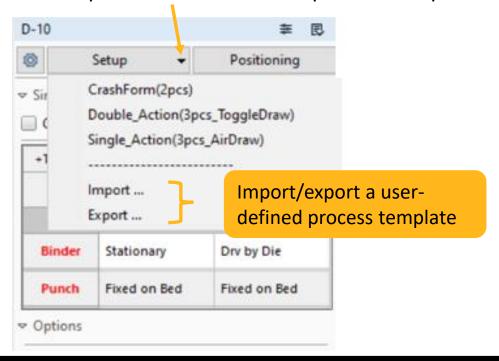


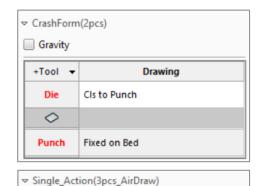
Preset/User-Defined Process Templates

Preset Process Templates

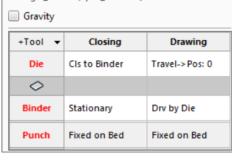
Convenient to set up a typical process Guidance for new forming users Easy to edit for a complicated process

Drop down for a preset or user-defined process template



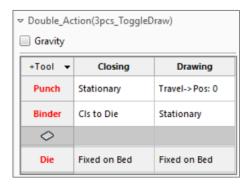


Draw operation





Flanging/Restrike



FormTrim





Innovative Tabular Tooling Setup

Flexible, easy and straightforward

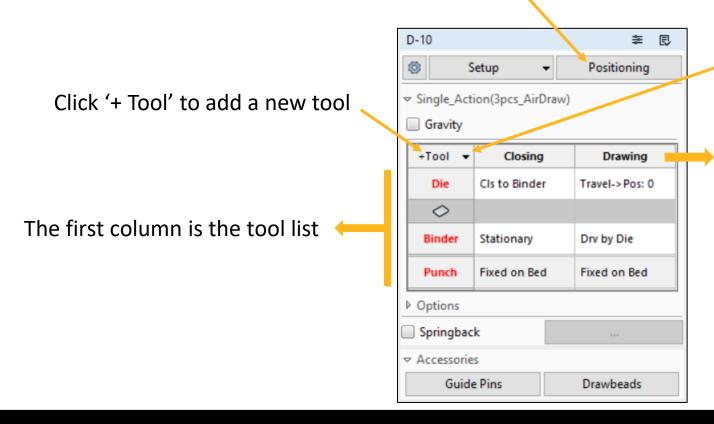
Preview/adjustment of tool positioning

Flexible to define complicated tool motion

No limitation on total tool number

Easy to manage the tools and accessories

Integrated with gravity and springback options



Drop down from '+ Tool' and click '+ Phase' to add a new motion phase

The first row is the motion phase list specifying the tool motion phases in current operation stage

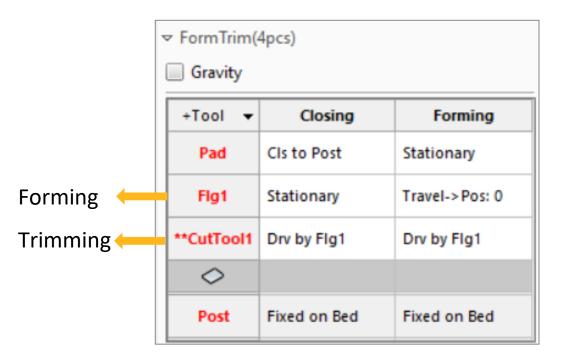
(e.g., a binder-closing phase and a drawing phase for a 3-piece air draw process)



Breakthrough of Simulating 'FormTrim'

Solver innovation to represent the real process

Interaction between GUI and LS-DYNA solver



- In the real processes, secondary operations of flanging or restriking are always associated with piecing or scrap cutting.
- With the newly added features, Ansys Forming can have multiple cut/trim at different times in one single simulation.
- Accurate modeling of actual FormTrim process
- Reduce the simulation time cost



Intuitive Graphic Interface: Tipping

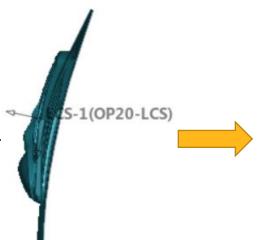
A process-based GUI with user-friendly functions is extremely important to forming users. Ansys Forming is oriented to industry engineers, and it is very easy to use.

Automatic Tipping of A Process-Design Model

Very convenient for a multi-stage simulation with varied tipping angles
Directly utilize process-design data from user w/o any manual conversion
The model will be tipped automatically in each forming stage

A process-design model is generated in the car-design coordinate system.

That is, the model is located at its car position.



Automatically tipped into current stamping position





Auto-Meshing of Blank and Tool Geometry

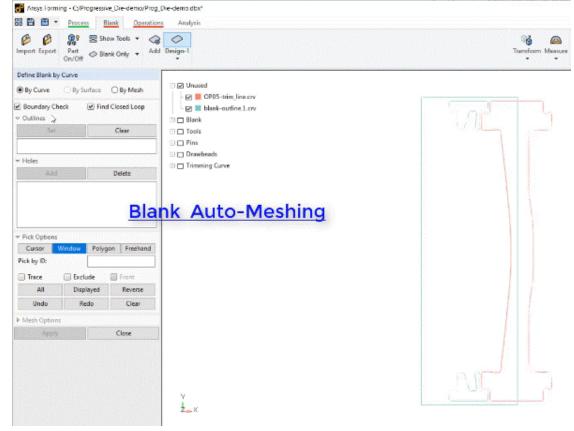
Suitable for product designers and process engineers

Minimize prerequisites of FEA background



- No need for users to edit/repair any element.
- Although the forming contact algorithm requires mesh normal consistency, a new forming solver feature has been implemented to achieve automatic normal adjustment.

This strategy distinguishes Ansys Forming from any FEA-based GUI which needs user's manual editing on FE meshes.

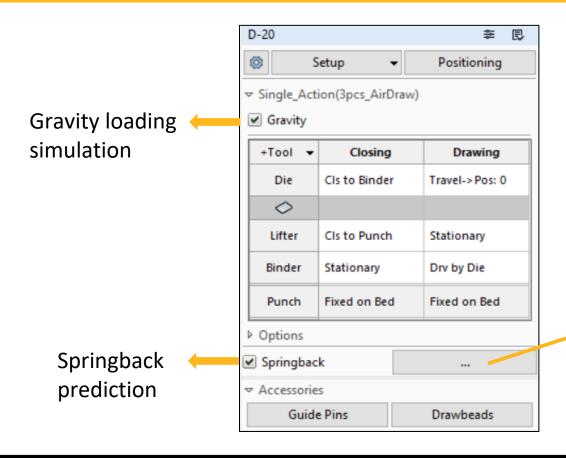




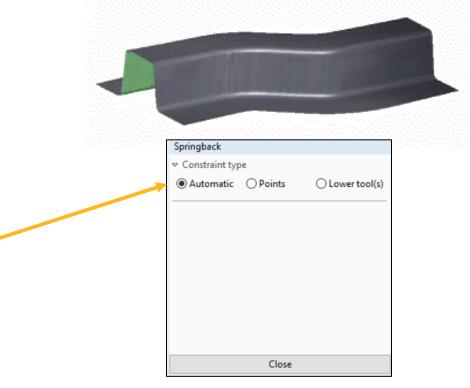
One Click for Gravity or Springback

Straightforward and flexible to activate the option

Default with an Auto-constrained springback algorithm



- Solver implemented algorithm with autoconstraints for springback prediction
- Suitable for product designers and process engineers

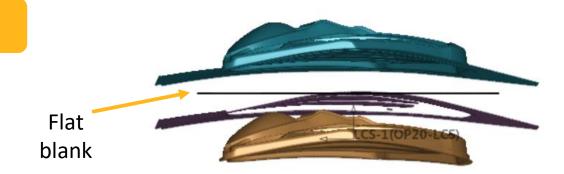


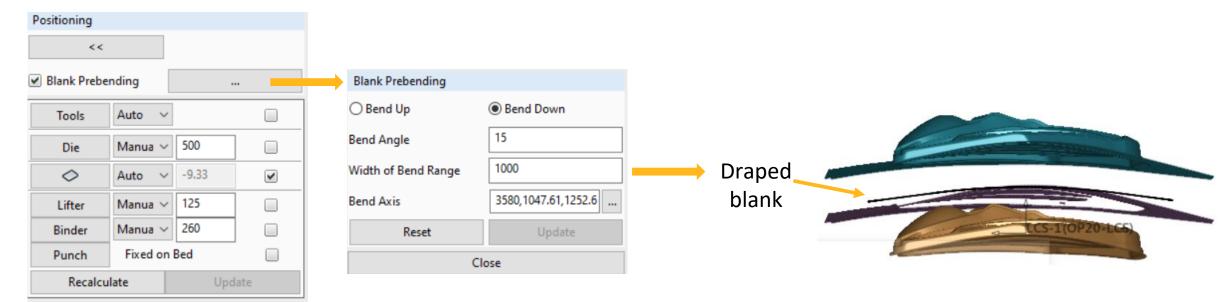


A Critical Function 'Blank Pre-bending'

Convenient for user to create a draped blank shape

A draped blank shape is a MUST for a large-size blank to get an accurate gravity-loading result.

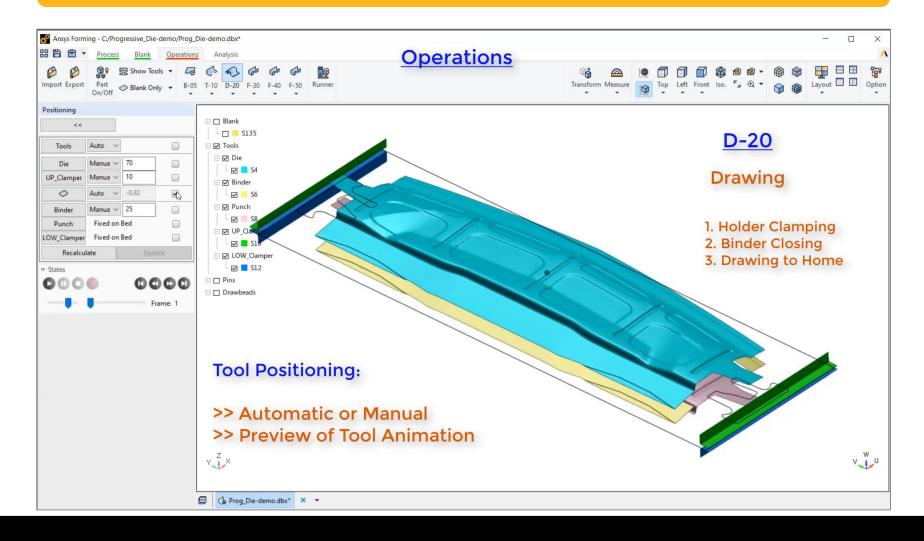






Animated Tool Motion Check

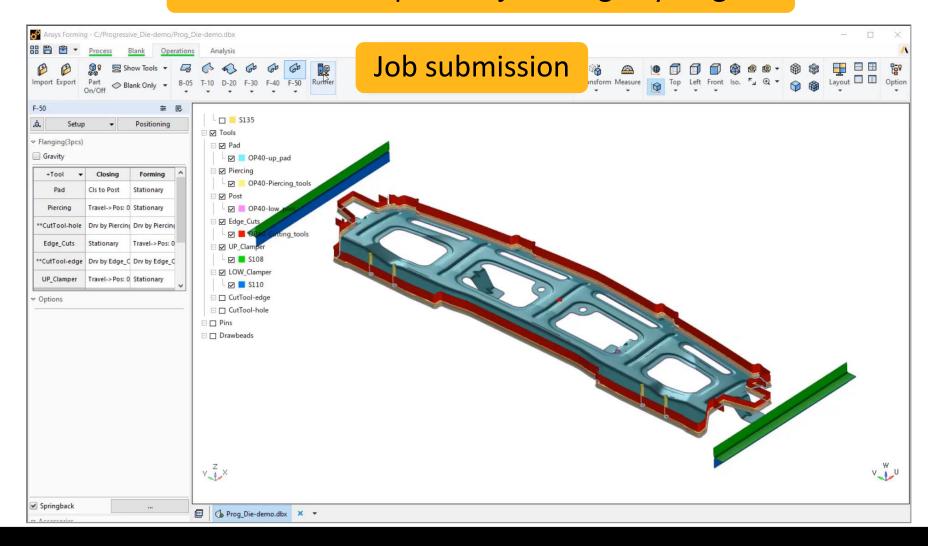
Preview of Tool Animation and Adjustment of Tool Position





One Click to Submit Multi-stage Job

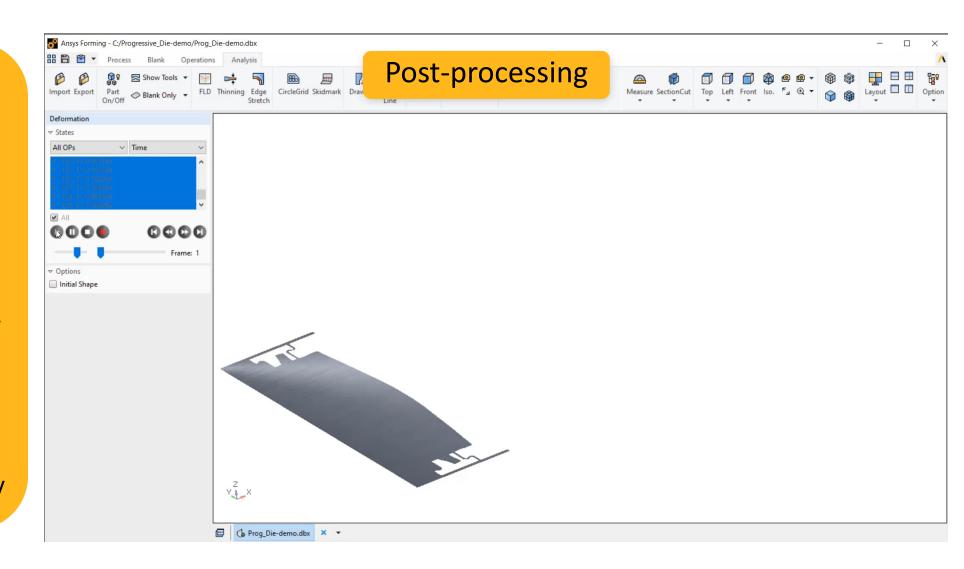
Auto start sequential jobs stage by stage





Dedicated Forming Post-Processing

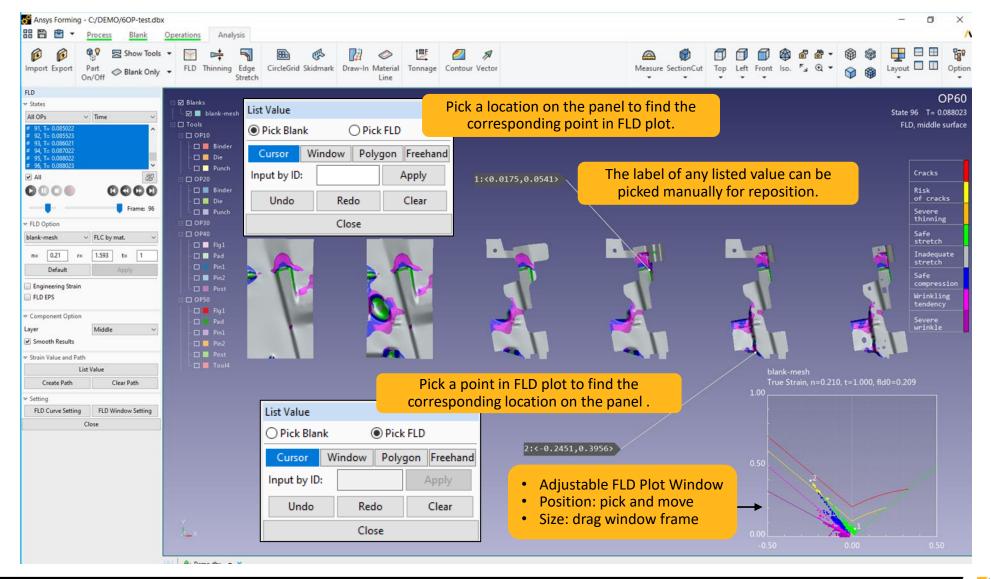
- ☐ Intuitive GUI
- Special forming modules
- ☐ Integrated postprocessing of multistage jobs
- Easy multiple-window management
- ☐ Up-to-date graphic rendering
- ☐ High software stability





Forming Limit Diagram (FLD)





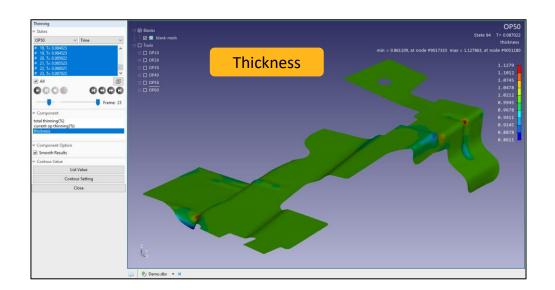


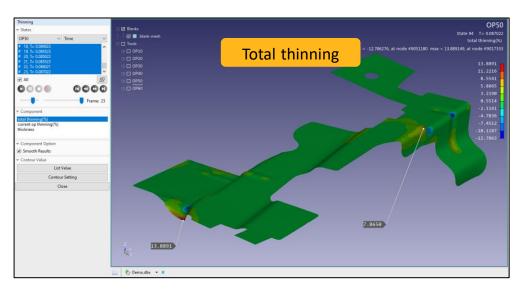
Thinning

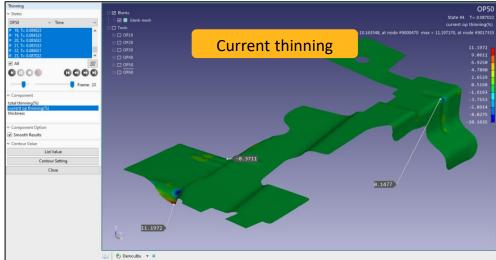


Three contour options

- > Total thinning (%)
- Current thinning (%)
- > Thickness



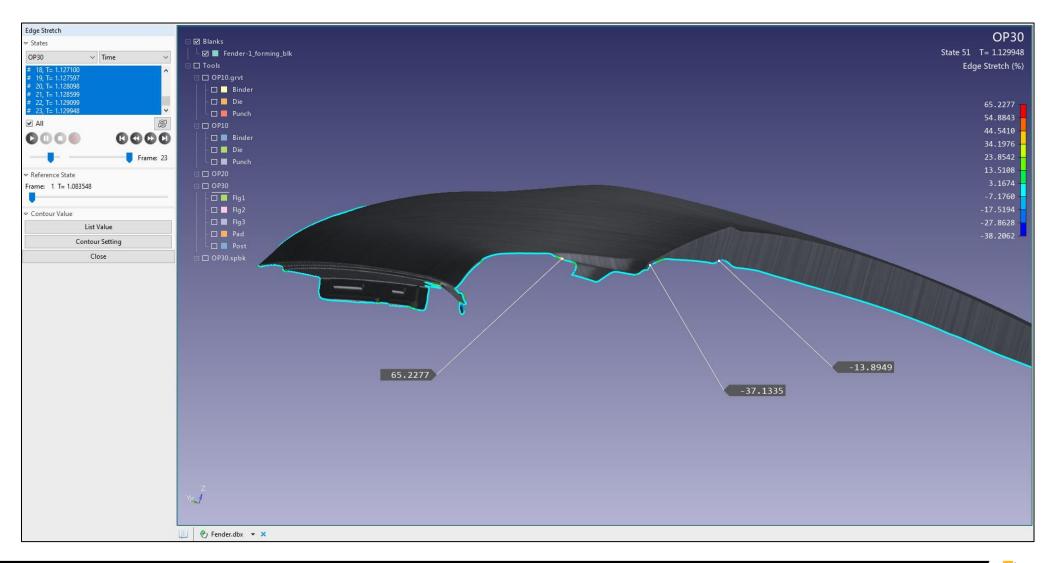






Edge Stretch



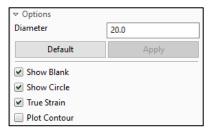


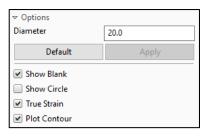


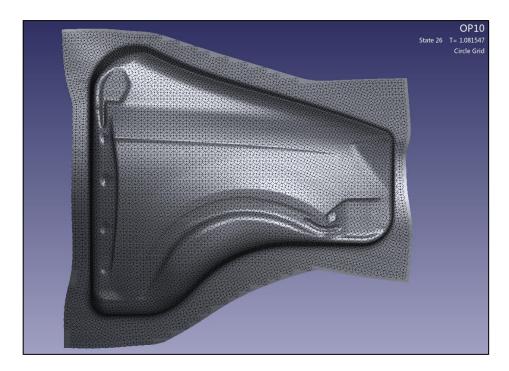


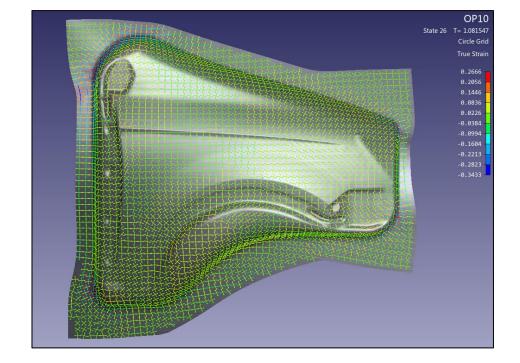


Circle Grid Mode Strain Vector Mode





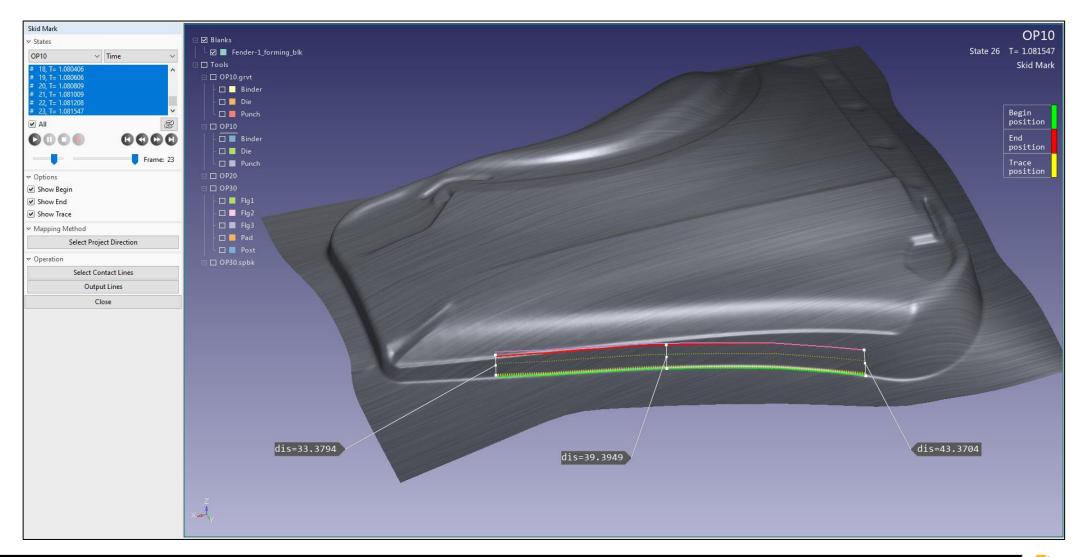






Skidmark

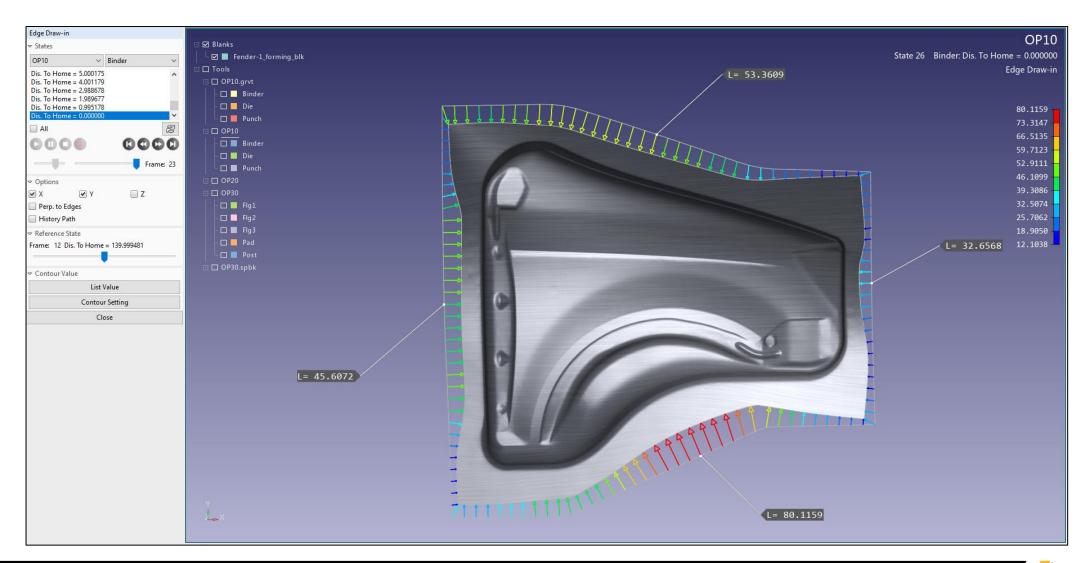






Draw-In

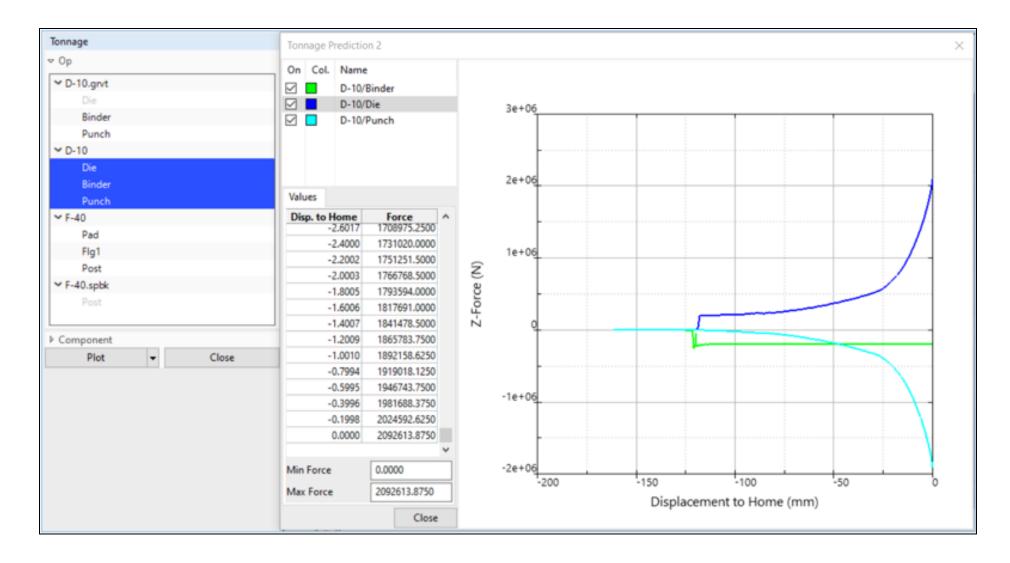






Tonnage 🖳





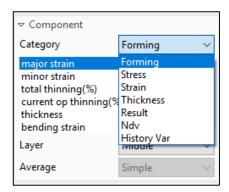


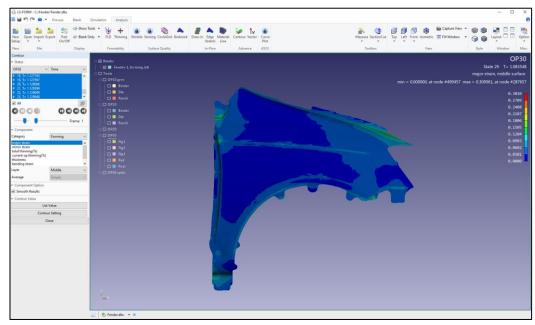
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Contour



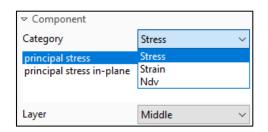
Contour of LS-DYNA Component Results

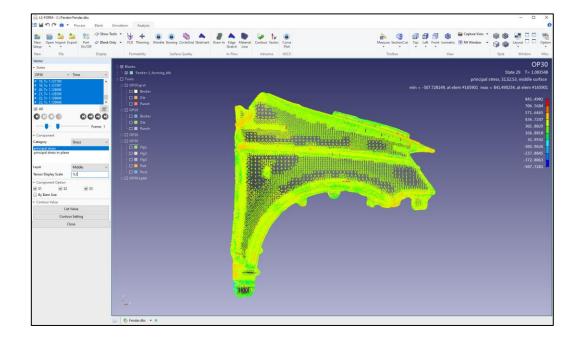






Contour of LS-DYNA Component Vectors





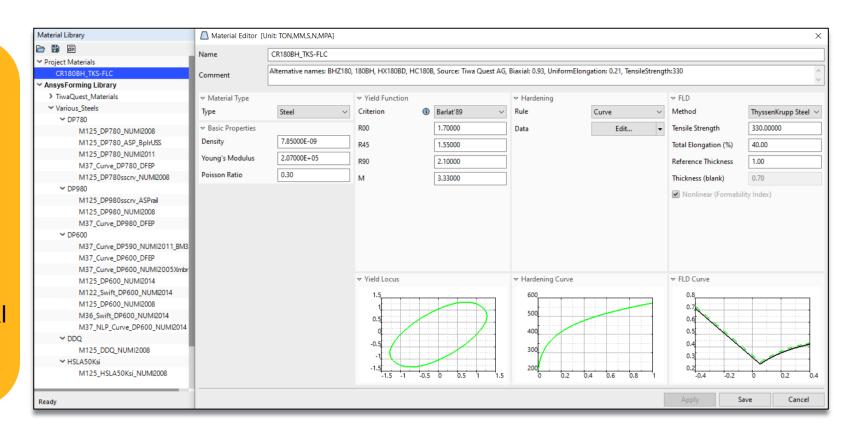


Accuracy and Efficiency

Ansys Forming takes full advantage of LS-DYNA state-of-the-art technologies to achieve accuracy and efficiency.

Dedicated Material Library Management

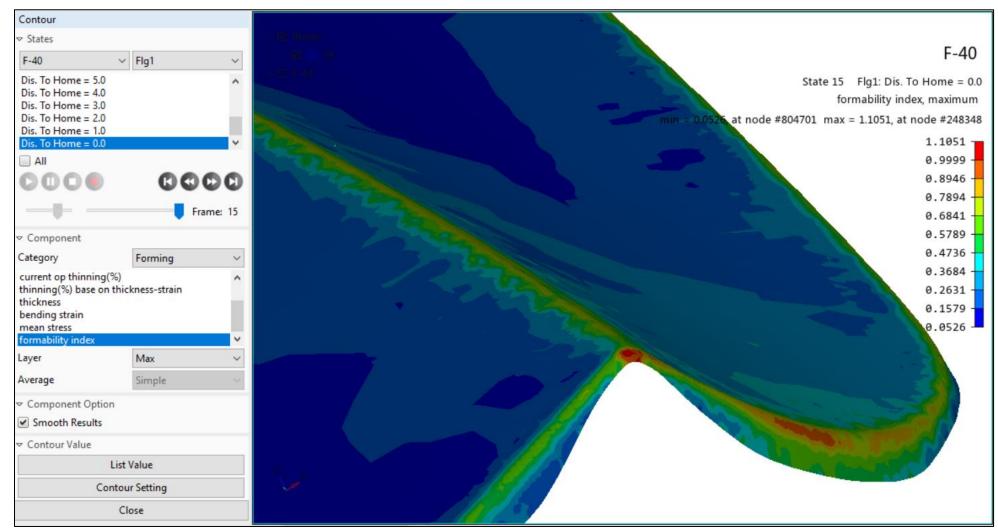
- ✓ Advanced LS-DYNA Material Models for metal forming
- Extendable forming material database
- ✓ Easy to define/modify new material
- ✓ Nonlinear FLD (Formability Index)





Accuracy and Efficiency

• Formability Index improves accuracy of formability by considering non-linear strain path effect

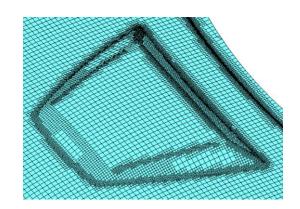


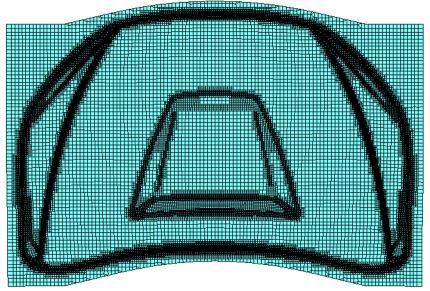


Smart Adaptivity

Efficient refinement approach for faster solution

- In stamping simulation, users tend to use initial coarse mesh and refine elements through adaptivity.
- Original mesh refinement is based on contact, which depends on the mesh quality of rigid body.
 - It tends to refine more elements than necessary.
- New mesh refinement 'Smart Adaptivity'
 - More accurate in mesh refinement
 - Only refines very necessary areas
 - Less element number and faster



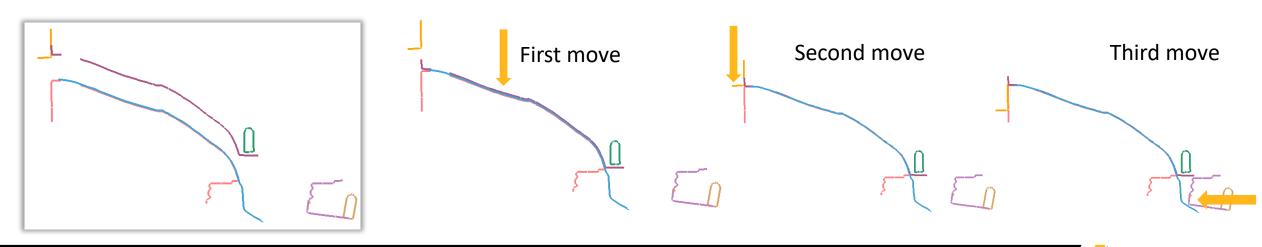




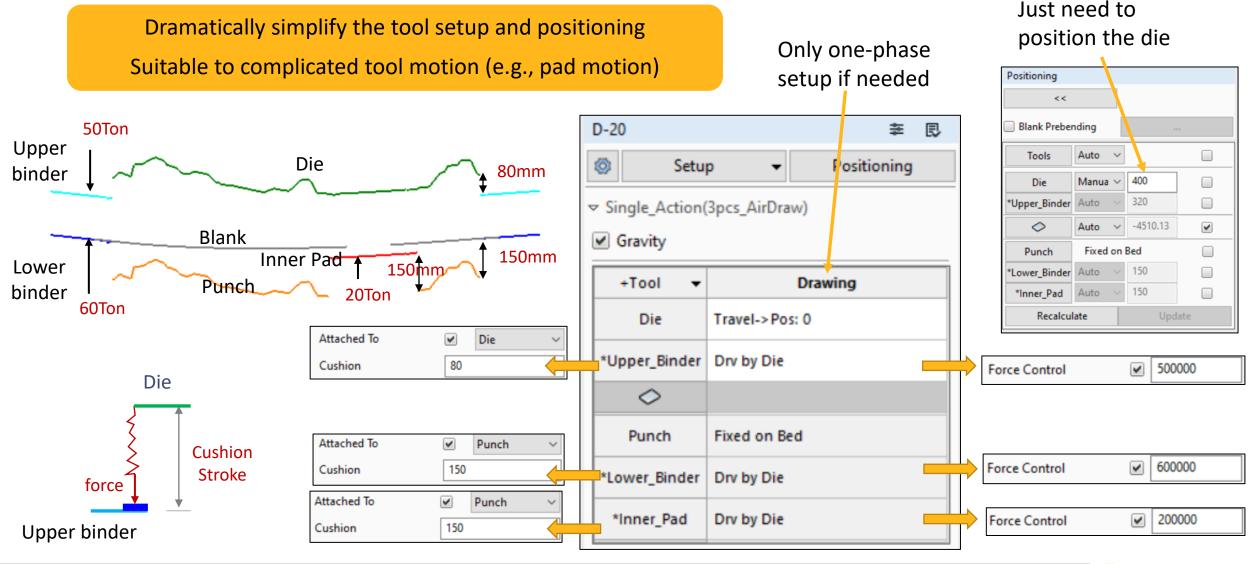
New Automatic Contact Move for tool positioning

Efficient strategy to reduce simulation time

- In stamping simulation, the initial tool position is not always close to the blank
 - Users prefer actual process setting, which may lead to large gap between the tool and the blank in initial starting position
 - Simulating the actual tool travel to close the gap is time consuming and computationally wasteful
 - Ansys Forming is enhanced by this new feature in solver to close the gap automatically

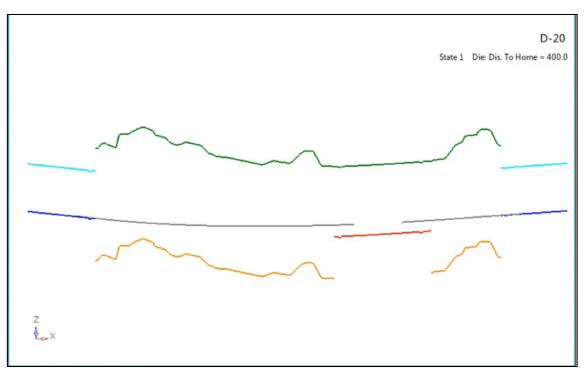


New 'Cushion Stroke' Algorithm in Solver



New 'cushion stroke' Algorithm in Solver

- New 'cushion stroke' algorithm in solver can simulate complex tool motion coupled with three force-controlled tools.
- Automatic contact move of upper tools for force-controlled binders to close
- Upper binder remains stationary until the die approaches
 - (Upper binder can not push the lower binder down because its force is smaller than lower-binder force)
- Die keeps moving and drives forcecontrolled lower binder and pad to home

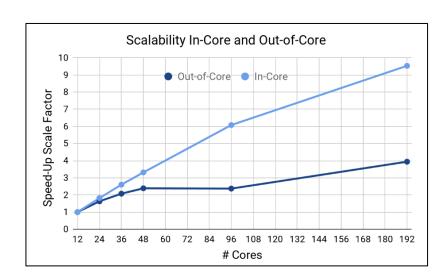




In-core Adaptivity

Efficient algorithm to save MPP solution time

- Traditional out-of-core adaptivity requires too much I/O, especially for large models.
- In-core adaptivity has the following advantages
 - I/O cost associated with restart can be avoided. For a model with 1 million elements, up to 70% of the total time is wasted for I/O purpose.
 - It also dynamically re-balances the load for each core
 - Significantly improves the performance
 - The speed continues to scale up; No saturation point is observed





Future Roadmap

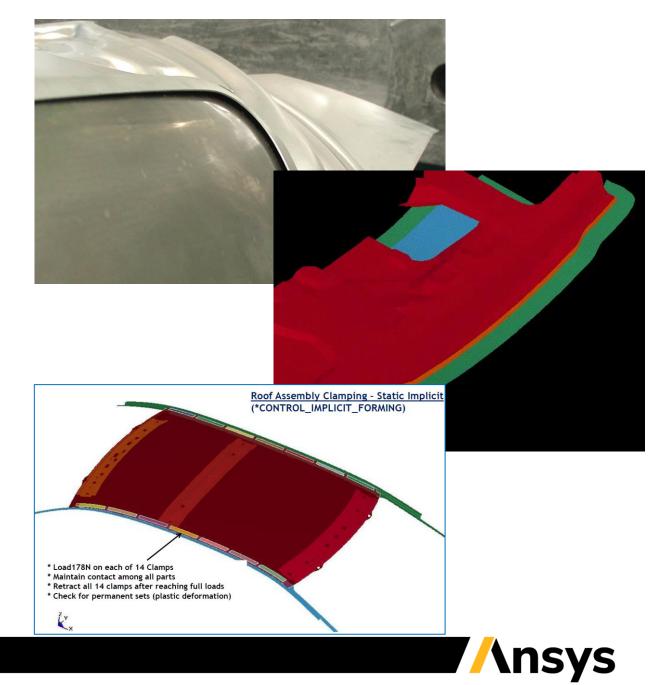
Die Surface Compensation, Clamping (Springback Compensation)

Forming Process Management

Hemming

Thermal Distortion

Die Face Design



Ansys